Identification Data



December 15, 2021

LAB GROWN DIAMOND Certificate No: 313430152





Gemprint is the unique optical identification fingerprint of your lab grown diamond. Register your lab grown diamond fingerprint at www.Gemprint.com and receive insurance discounts up to 10%.

Laser Inscription



Girdle laser inscribed: GCAL LG313430152 GROWN IN THE USA BY WD PAT. 6,858,078 This illustration depicts the approximate appearance of the inscriptions



SCS GLOBAL SERVICES



ISO/IEC 17025 2017

ANAB L2177-1 Accredited Testing Lab

T 212-869-8985

GCALUSA.com



The 4Cs Grading Analysis

GCAL 313430152 LAB GROWN DIAMOND*

Carat Weight: 1.05

Cut: Very Good Oval Brilliant Shape: Measurements: 7.93x5.80x3.65mm Optical Brilliance: Excellent Optical Symmetry: Good Polish: Very Good External Symmetry: Very Good Girdle Thickness: Medium-SI.Thick Culet Size: None

Color: G Fluorescence: None

Clarity: Identifying Characteristic(s) Characteristic Location(s):

VS1 Crystals/Clouds Table, Bezel/Upper Girdle, Table

*Comments: This laboratory grown diamond was created by the CVD (Chemical Vapor Deposition) method, and has the same chemical, physical, and optical properties as a mined diamond. This diamond is Type IIa, which means it is devoid of nitrogen impurities. As Grown - No evidence of post-growth treatment was detected.

Photomicrographs:

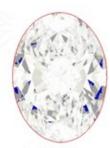
Actual images of the crown (top) and pavilion (bottom) of this diamond photographed at magnifications up to 10x.





Light Performance Profile

Optical Brilliance Analysis: Brilliance is the overall return of light to the viewer. The brilliance image is a representation of (a) white areas of light return, or brilliance, and (b) dark-blue areas of light loss.



Optical Brilliance

Optical Symmetry Analysis:

The colored areas of the symmetry image are indications of light handling ability, giving a visual representation of proportions and facet alignment.



Optical Symmetry

Proportion Diagram:

The proportion diagram illustrates the actual dimensions as recorded by optical scanning technology.

