## Identification Data



February 17, 2022

LAB GROWN DIAMOND Certificate No: 320400223





Gemprint is the unique optical identification fingerprint of your lab grown diamond. Register your lab grown diamond fingerprint at www.Gemprint.com and receive insurance discounts up to 10%.

## Laser Inscription

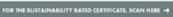


Girdle laser inscribed: GCAL LG320400223 GROWN IN THE USA BY WD PAT. 6,858,078 This illustration depicts the approximate appearance of the inscriptions



certificate, ONLY available at an

All certified





ANAB L2177-1 Accredited Testing Lab



## The 4Cs Grading Analysis

GCAL 320400223 LAB GROWN DIAMOND\*

Carat Weight: 1.74

Cut: Shape: Measurements: Optical Brilliance: Optical Symmetry: Polish: External Symmetry: Girdle Thickness: Culet Size:

Excellent Round Brilliant 7.68-7.73x4.78mm Excellent Very Good Excellent Excellent Medium-SI.Thick None

Color: Fluorescence:

G None

Clarity: Identifying Characteristic(s) Characteristic Location(s):

VS1 Laser Groove/Clouds/Pinpoints Lower Girdle/Table.Crown/Bezel

\*Comments: This laboratory grown diamond was created by the CVD (Chemical Vapor Deposition) method, and has the same chemical, physical, and optical properties as a mined diamond. This diamond is Type IIa, which means it is devoid of nitrogen impurities. As Grown - No evidence of post-growth treatment was detected.

Photomicrographs:

Actual images of the crown (top) and pavilion (bottom) of this diamond photographed at magnifications up to 10x.





## Light Performance Profile

Optical Brilliance Analysis: Brilliance is the overall return of light to the viewer. The brilliance image is a representation of (a) white areas of light return, or brilliance, and (b) dark-blue areas of light loss.



Optical Brilliance

Optical Symmetry Analysis:

The colored areas of the symmetry image are indications of light handling ability, giving a visual representation of proportions and facet alignment.



Optical Symmetry

Proportion Diagram:

The proportion diagram illustrates the actual dimensions as recorded by optical scanning technology.

